

# Continuous spikes and waves during slow sleep related to sulthiame?

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Self-limiting epilepsy with centrotemporal spikes (SLECTS) is a common and well-delineated epilepsy syndrome in childhood. Atypical evolution of SLECTS is defined by the appearance of severe neuropsychological impairment and continuous spike-and-waves during slow sleep (CSWSS).

An inverse pharmacodynamic effect may be due to an incorrect diagnosis of the seizure type or syndrome, an incorrect drug, or a consequence of drug intoxication because of excessive dosage or drug combinations

Sulthiame should be considered a valuable option for the treatment of SLECTS and continuous spikes and waves during slow sleep